China Symposium—News Flash<sup>1</sup>

Foreign Firms Set for Tougher Tax Scrutiny- By LI XIANG(China Daily)(2014-12-03)

**Tax Evasion by Foreign Companies** 

- As the world's top destination for foreign direct investment, China is the victim of tax evasion
- Experts have estimated that tax evasion and avoidance by foreign companies have resulted in an annual reduction of at least 30 billion yuan (\$4.9 billion) in tax revenues.
- The common tactic used by companies to avoid tax:
  - ♦ transfer pricing
  - ♦ Specifically, a parent company sells its product or services to a subsidiary company overseas at a price below the production cost.
  - ☆ The effect: an apparent loss for the parent company, which has actually shifted its profits to a subsidiary in a lower-tax location.
- Motivation and conditions for tax evasion: the various tax standards and competitive tax policies among different countries.

## Measures to Curb Cross-border Tax Evasion

- International level:
  - ♦ Leaders of G20 called for improving international tax rules and tax information exchanges among governments.
- There was a multilateral tax agreement, known as the Convention on Mutual Administrative Assistance in Tax Matters.
- Domestic level:
  - ♦ China improved its legal system by introducing Corporate Income Tax Law in 2008
  - ♦ China will establish a system to monitor foreign companies' profitability to curb cross-border tax evasion.
  - The system will allow the government agency to acquire profit information on foreign companies and use information technology to prevent companies from shifting profits overseas.
  - China joined the tax agreement in August 2013 and began to implement automatic tax information exchanges.
  - China's approach to tax avoidance has changed from being reactive to proactive, with a focus on changing taxpayer compliance and conducting risk assessment-based tax investigations.

**Benefits from Anti-avoidance Measures** 

• The country's tax revenues from anti-avoidance measures rose to 46.9 billion yuan in 2013 from only 460 million yuan in 2005.

• New actions will force foreign firms to be more prudent and serious about their tax structures and practices in China.

<sup>1.</sup> Source: http://usa.chinadaily.com.cn/business/2014-12/03/content\_19013773.htm